a 13 2024 building enclosure conference

Building Envelope Case Study : from Initial Constructability Review Through **Occupancy** 2016-2017

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Continuina



AIA, NCARB, ALA, RBEC, RRC, REWC, RWC, RRO, CDT, CQM, CxA+BE, BECxP, CABS, LEED® AP BD+C, Level II Thermographer

May 2024

Building Envelope Case Study: from Initial Constructability Review Through Occupancy 2016-2017

Join me as I recount my building envelope journey with a large four-story CMU and masonry higher-educational building for a large university in the Midwest. We will start with the initial pre-bid constructability review and go through construction and turnover. We will review the air/vapor barrier, masonry flashing, waterproofing, window installation, and roof transitions. We will learn what was initially missing in the Contraction Documents through mock-ups and first-work-in-place reviews. Once construction starts, we will review the building construction and perform testing throughout.



Learning Objectives

- Review constructability concerns in the mid-stage of design.
- Engage with a building envelope review and what modifications took place with subcontractor input.
- 3. Understand the building complexities with mock-ups, first-work-in-place reviews, and testing.
- 4. Develop a better understanding of the installation of materials and the process of installation with construction observation reviews, reporting, and verification..



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Jenkins & Nanovic Halls - Notre Dame

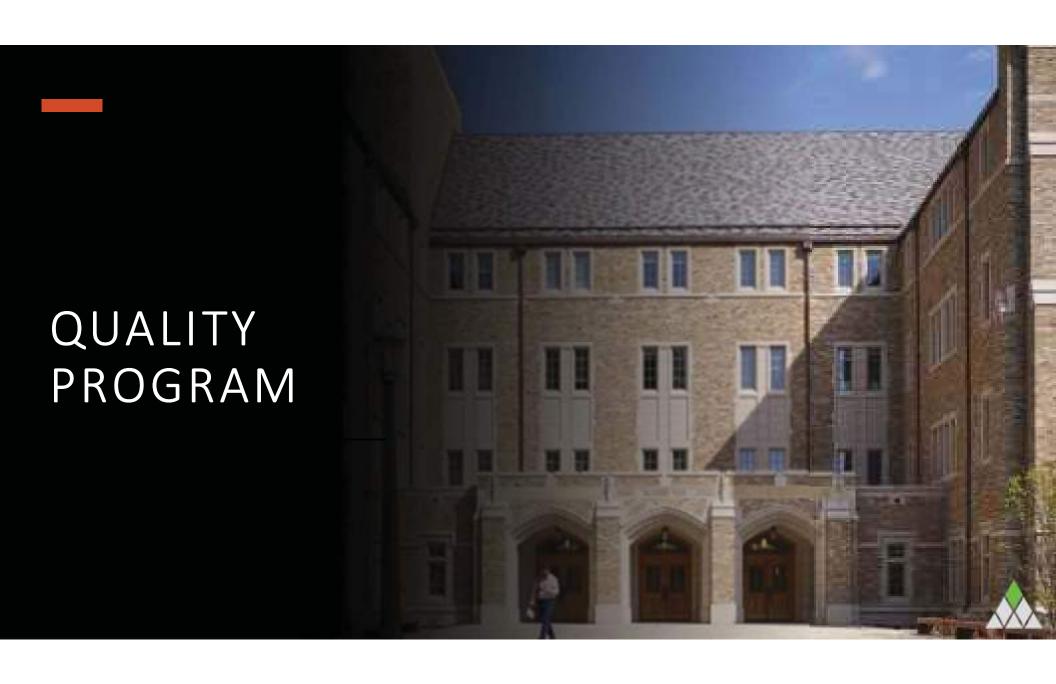
Architect: HBRA Architects Inc

185,500 SF, 4-story, Steel frame and CMU infill construction. A pair of new conjoined buildings that together comprise an integrated ensemble for the Social Sciences and the University's community of International Institutes,









Anatomy of our Quality Program

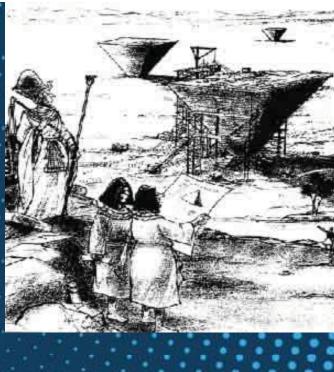
- The program is designed to be preventative and proactive
- Review drawings during several phases of design to assist the project team
- Use quality metric data to assist with initial project specifications
- Building Envelope Meeting
- Pre-Installation Meeting
- Checklists
- Subcontractor Job Specific Quality Plan

- Mock-ups
- 1st Work in-place / Substrate Review
- Regular site inspections
- Provide proper quality metrics to identify trends and give the team an idea of progress
- Testing
- Lessons Learned & Quality
 Bulletins that reflect our
 learning throughout the project



Setting Expectations

- Obtain clear understanding of the project goals
- Have all players in the room and review understanding of schedule, man-power, and project specific requirements
- The team must be open to understanding current requirements, sometimes new, for the exact product that is being installed <u>or</u> being installed adjacent to...
- Learn from mock-ups, first-work-in-place, and regular job site walk-thoughs



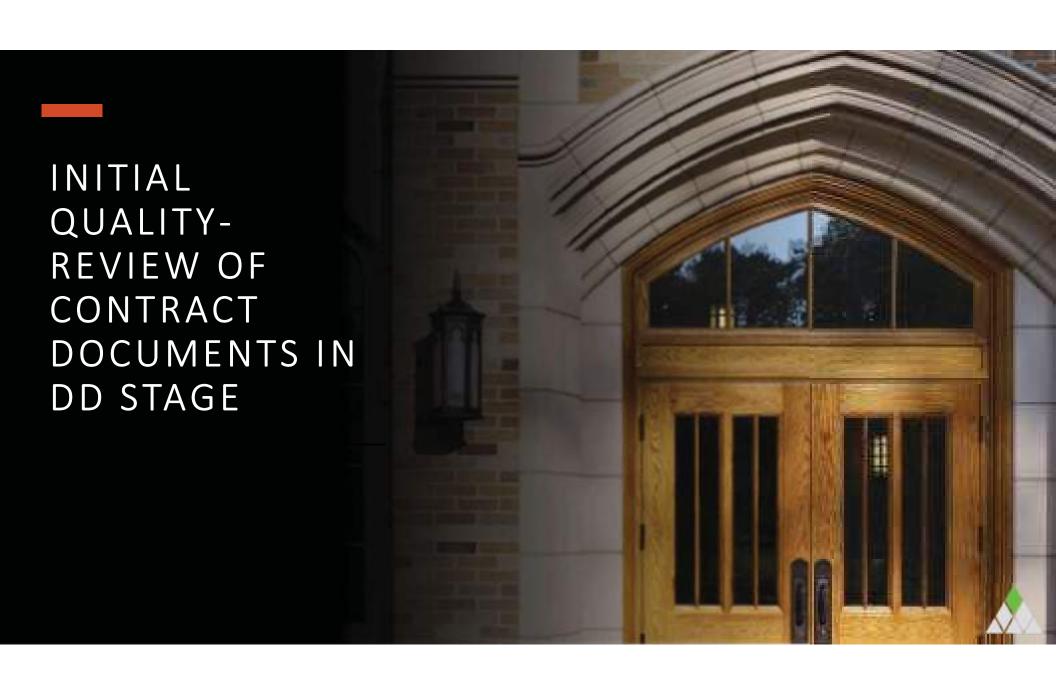


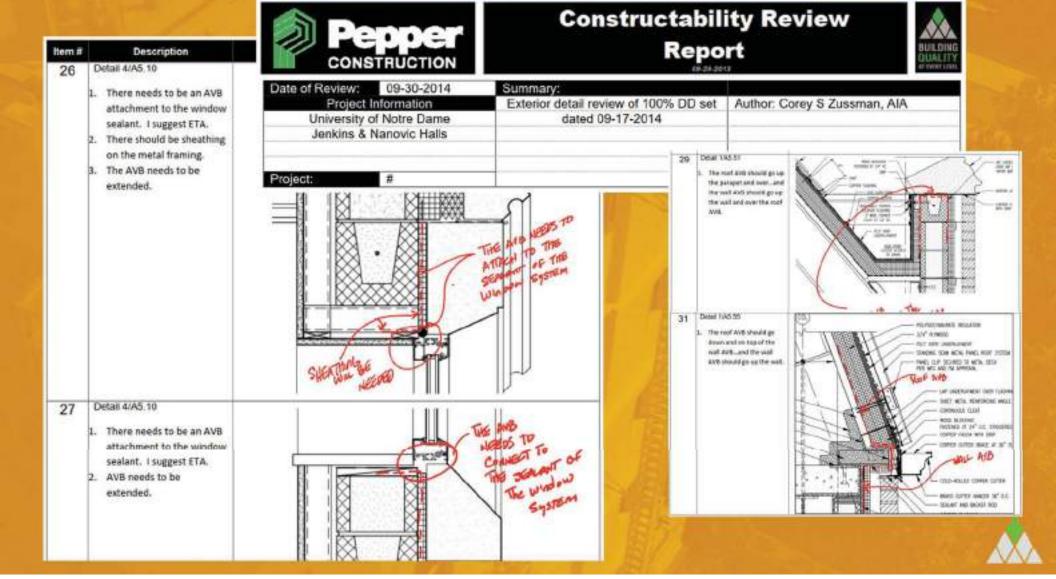
	Issues	Average Issue Weight	Sum of Approx Cost	Sum of Repeat Count	Sum of Prior Talk	Sum of PCC
Reporting	72	4.10	\$59,100.00	30	67	\$12,150.00
	14	3.36	\$10,250.00	2	6	\$2,550.00
05 CFMF / SHEATHING	10	3.60	\$13,100.00	1	8	\$2,200.00
06 - WOOD BLOCKING	5	4.60	\$4,800.00	0	4	\$1,050.00
07 - AIR BARRIER	50	3.92	\$32,500.00	19	44	\$8,575.00
07 ROOFING	8	4.50	\$7,200.00	1	7	\$1,550.00
07 - ROOFING	7	3.43	\$4,000.00	3	6	\$1,000.00
07 -WATERPROOFING	9	2.89	\$2,200.00	0	9	\$1,000.00
08 WINDOWS	11	3.82	\$9,000.00	0	5	\$2,150.00
Grand Total	186	3.90	\$142,150.00	56	156	\$32,225.00

\$270,350.00	Cost of Quality/Co	onstruction Cos	it:	0.6256%
2,704			Subcontractor	PCC
\$61,650.00	Cost of Repeat Ite	ems:	\$58,300.00	\$15,225.00
617	Cost of Prior talk 1	Items:	\$227,300.00	\$50,900.00
	Total Weeks	Week #	Percent Complete	Cost to Date
	97	90	92.78%	\$53,072,165
	2,704 \$61,650.00	\$61,650.00 Cost of Repeat Ite 617 Cost of Prior talk I Total Weeks	\$61,650.00 Cost of Repeat Items: Cost of Prior talk Items: Total Weeks Week #	2,704 Subcontractor \$61,650.00 Cost of Repeat Items: \$58,300.00 617 Cost of Prior talk Items: \$227,300.00 Total Weeks Week # Percent Complete



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Lessons Learned

Create a building profile reviewing:

- Potential materials
- Areas of concern to review in CD phase
- List of complex detailing
- Confirmation of Air, Water, Vapor, and insulation lines







Make sure that the General Contractor has a Job Specific Quality Plan that reviews the building envelope & current material requirements



Job Specific Quality Plan



Air-Vapor Barrier (AVB) Window / Roof Continuity:

- Verify if there is an ABAA Certified Contractor Requirement vo. Confirm Contractor is Certified (In term to associate
- to there as AVII piles in the documents: No QAQC review marked-up the AVII on piers and desur-
- 20 Dissertance on Air Barrier: No Vapor Barrier: No. Wife: Yes
- Type of AVE bring installed (Alpuis: Sourc. Fyvir. FIFS 481; Exc.) Liquid and Sheet.
- 20 Rooking Type: (Inc., Inc.): Incis: suit-suit-suit-190-Fully Adhered, Sizes on Stope: AVE: TPO is AVE Sheet on stopes mod
 - A modi, forbood, shripkit, or metal-oof will rood a accomply MIC Use assistance accept a fact an agg. Yea. Distribut
 - to set have a roof rapor starrier that we set be connecting into your or a bury achievach So Listing TPO Roofing
- Bit we need a metar transmit providere. J so, under what trace's Contract." TSD Transition will be needed.
- (MM kgs. sexpr at technik at his pasquet, commenting the Anning to the assemptible AEE, sexb as a feet applied rest. (ME, ods.).
- Ans we connecting into the enterproxing mentioner. Yes past we send a metal breaks for whee associating

S What is the consequenting types Laguel
S Depose production of the content: Strendell

Drainage board and insulation

Ensure that the concrete is properly specififor a coating (Series 10.0 a Series Assurer Coat #): Will notice with Conc. Subcontractor at their pro-maintain meeting.

50 Worly that the maps will be tailing intert-cocare) the CMU parts to receive AVE. Will review w/maps at pro-install

Ensure that the manney faithing is on TOF of the AVE (our is the CAX or put of the AVE (parties). Manne's Pre-Install

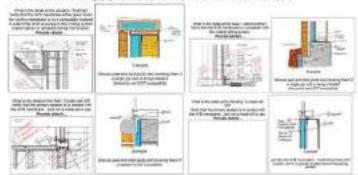
Are we installing a building expension (white):
No. 14th and must consist on the most Expension Asiat.

When is the systems expected to be notabled (10000) All blackers, start in the current

33 Will the AVE be exposed to UV over 60 days (Mun-cory policies or one and worser seject unit TEO - this needs to be reviewed

Do set here a large eventuring that will be difficult to connect the AVB and the roofing? Set

1) Review detail with the Quality Department for chefful and denial. For level during QAQC normal



- The firecast that the various majoral (pre-sary) is attached to the AVE Year interpretal in QAQC reviews
 - Curtainwal primary is typically in line with the interior side of the glass: Yes Storefrost primary is typically in line with the backside of the frame: Yes.
- (2) Plake sure that people's in HOT attached to insulation he

61 Late (and feet) Berrigher, CORE (1) 84 LBC 4130 Secret Core (and control of the control of the Asset



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Job Specific Quality Plan



Air-Vapor Barrier (AVB) Window / Roof Continuity:

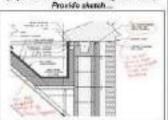
Review detail with the Quality Department for clarification and detail:

8 Verify if there is an ABAA Certified Contractor Requirement YES Confirm Contractor is Certified WIII need to subcontract \boxtimes Is there an AVB plan in the documents: No - QAQC review marked-up the AVB on plans and details × Do we have an Air Barrier: No Vapor Barrier: No AVB: Yes X Type of AVB being installed (Liquid, Sheet, Tyvek, EIFS Mfr, Etc.) Liquid and Sheet \boxtimes Roofing Type (1PO, PYC, EPDM, Built-up, Etc.) Flat - TPO-Fully Adhered, Slate on Slope AVB: TPO & AVB Sheet on sloped roof M A mech. fastened, shingled, or metal roof will need a separate AV8 (The underlayment typically is NOT an AV8): Yes - Detailed 50 Do we have a roof Vapor Barrier that we will be connecting into (Unly if it is fully adhered)? No - Using TPO Roofing Will we need a metal transition anywhere... if so, under what trade's Contract? TBD - Transition will be needed 23 (Will typ. occur at backside of the parapet, connecting the Roofing to the incompatible AVB, such as a hot applied roof, PVC, etc.) × Are we connecting into the waterproofing membrane: Yes (Will we need a metal transition for unlike materials?) 8 What is the waterproofing type: Liquid 53 Discuss protection of the system: Insulation 8 Drainage board and insulation Covering with: Ensure that the concrete is properly specid for a coating (Surface Finish 3.0 & Surface Falerance Class A): Will review with Conc. Subcontractor at their pre-installation meeting Ø Verify that the mason will be tooling (slight concave) the CMU joints to receive AVB: Will review w/mason at pre-install X Ensure that the masonry flashing is on TOP of the AVB (not in the CMU or part of the AVB system): Mason's Pre-Install X Are we installing a building expansion joint(s): No (We will need to connect to the Roof Expansion Joint) × When is the systems expected to be installed (Season): All Seasons, start in the summer × Will the AVB be exposed to UV over 60 days (Multi-story building or long lead various might be): TBD - this needs to be reviewed Ø Do we have a large overhang that will be difficult to connect the AVB and the roofing?

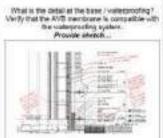
Reviewed during QAQC review

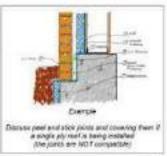
Review the basic locations for connection of the AVB / Window / Waterproofing / Roofing system(s) described below to start the review: Reviewed during QAQC Reviews (you are tracking to make sere that there is continuity (no gains))

What is the detail at the pumper! It softing? Verify that the AVII membrane either gees used the reciting membrane at to a compatible material to extend the AVII envelope to the moting system (veper better or activated reciting materialse).

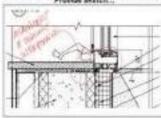


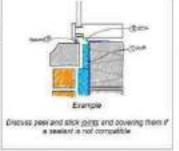






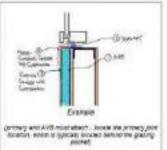
What is the detail at the Vital / Contamwell Bill? Verby that the primary season is in contact with the 4/18 membrane. and not a meets all or pan. Provide askets...





What is the detail at the Rooting / Coftaminal 1987
Verify that the primary explorer is in contact with the RVB members, and not a motal all or pass.

Provide streets...



- Ensure that the window sealant (primary) is attached to the AVB Yes reviewed in QAQC review
 - Curtainwall primary is typically in line with the interior side of the glass: Yes
 - Storefront primary is typically in line with the backside of the frame: Yes
- Make sure that sealant is NOT attached to insulation Yes







Material Season Schedule:

Discuss at each of your jobste meetings

Provide a written plan outlining the procedures that will be taken during the event of Cold / Hot Weather...Please make sure that the temperature requirements of the materials being used are clearly identified.

Hot / Cold Weather Concrete Procedure Form Required -

Hot / Cold Weather Masonry Procedure -

Hot / Cold Weather EFS Procedure -

	Wille	Spring	Same	Fat	Temp Limitations / Notes / Precautions
Concrete Footing/Foundations			⊠		
Waterproofing			8	8	
Concrete SOG	⊠			8	Depends on Erection
Concrete on Metal Deck	⊠	- ⊠			Tarps / Heat
Concrete - Elevated					100000000000000000000000000000000000000
Concrete - Roof					
Precast Concrete					
Steel	Ø	8		20	
CIMP		B			
Exterior Sheathing		8			
Masonry	8	8	8		
Metal Panels			8	×	
Air / Vapor Barrier	⊠	8	8	2	Start Summer
Spray Insulation (ext)					
EIF5					
Roofing			□ Ø	8	2016
Asphalt Roofing					
Curtainwall					Land.
Windows			8		2016
Esterior Coating / Painting					
Sealant			⊠		
Pavers					
Sidewalk		X	8		



Flo	or / Roof De	eflection:	Decide with your Engineer of Record and or Architect as acro in provide
80	Floor - Typical	Defection:	3/8" per 8F1
80	Floor - Perimeter	Defection:	3/4" per RFI
8	Roof	Deflection:	3/4" per AFI
000	Direct	Defection:	3/4" up and down on CFMF Spec only

	ck-Up Requirement	School of	Sompleted		Modirup:	Schooled.	Considerat
E)	Sidewalk	The best to	-Cité territo	П	Masonry (Simple)	13us bet to	1241 my
0	Concrete Patch	Children to spheadan.	Child her re	8	Manarry (Complex)	Child Services	White Spanish
0	Precast Concrete	Clinic bury to percent date:	Clieb how to	目	Restoration - Hasonry	Clark here to	Chicken's
10	Precast Concrete Repairs	Chill have to strong a first	Clair, best to send a date.	1	Tuckpointing	Child here to pair a feet.	(Said here to coor a deep
8	Architectural Concrete	Chelchere to retreat date	Chiefe here to	183	Mesorry Cleaning	Click here to every points.	Clink Save to
	Stained Concrete	CONTRACTOR IN	This has to wrist a face		Colored Concrete		PTO A State of
100	Waterproofing	(Clinic laws, to	Clinic box to:	81	Air/Vapor Barrier	Chikhon a	(75/5.5m)
0	Curtain Wall	100 to 200	Total Section	100	Sealant	A limb tone to	Alak ber t
56	Window	Citals here to autor a Mate	Girls here to near a date.	111	Stucco	Class lane or extra a line	Classicon o

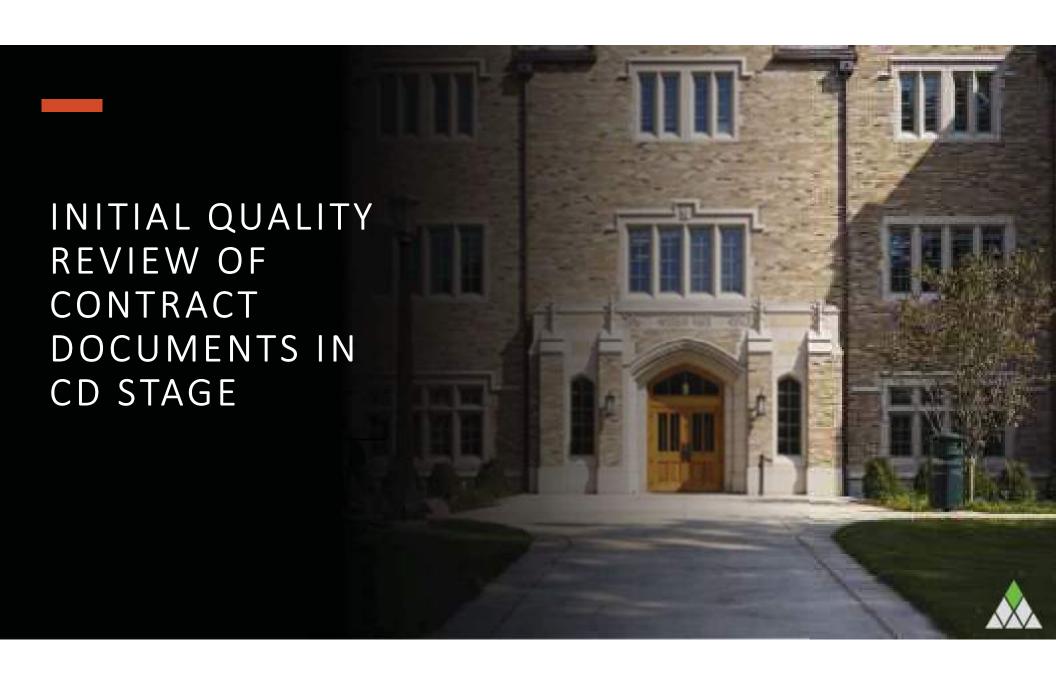
Qua	ality Review Hold-Po	oint Ass	emblies	/Ite	ms:		
er bro	Pre-Installation Meeting	Date of Schoolcast Hooting	Coreplated Planting		Pre-Installation Meeting	School-Anti Heating	Completed Completed
10	Pavers/Plaza	Class have to	Cliniciane in proper plate.	自	Building Expansion Joint	Click lines in onto a state	Click lyrer te-
0	Concrete	Click her to story a fate-	Click-best to stop(A, flore	100	Under slab Vapor Berrier	Clark tree to state a line.	Class here to
111	Precast Concrete	Click laws to over a fire.	Clinichere to delega disk.		Concrete Restoration	Clinic Steep St.	(This been a compared to the c
团	GFRC	Child has to	CG/S/bere to write a free	181	Epoxy Anchors	Click horse.	Attachments com e Amo
	Shotcrete	A Trick favor to page a Auto.	Philippine to Apple to Asso.	180	Hasonry Fleshing	1345 tone to exist a law.	1704 here b
麗	Masonry - CMU	CONTRACTOR	COLUMN TO SERVICE AND ADDRESS.	181	Masonry	175/4 Sec to	275A Year In carbo a Alexander
18	Spray or Sheet Air / Vapor Barrier	1754 line to year of date	Elablace to reign t dole	B	Steel Remediation	A State Space Springer	ATER SHEET OF COLOR OF SHEET
B	Cold Formed Metal Framing	Utah berse man a data	Cladicismor to more a Anic.	181	Exterior Wall Sheathing	Chick from the 4550 to Sees	Clarine to
N	Waterproofing	Clark here to spice a date:	Cladrings to prior or fine.	8	Tyvek Air Barrier	Unit ten to man in his	The best
×	Spray Insulation	- Effek Nove kn - solder in Ade.	Ellications on many a date	図	Roof Systems	(Set fire in anima (Set)	ATUS NOT W-

Lessons Learned

Create an action plan of typical concerns that we need to get ahead of:

- Time sensitive construction
- List of tests and mock-ups
- List of Pre-installation meetings needed
- List of complex detailing
- Confirmation of Air, Water, Vapor, and insulation lines







Constructability Review Report



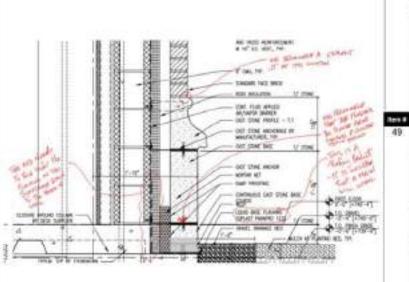
Date of Review:	02-24-2015	Summary:			
Project	Information	Exterior detail review of 50% CD set	Author: 0	Corey S Zussm	an, AIA
University	of Notre Dame	dated 02-06-2015			
Jenkins &	Nanovic Halls	Please note that	La Company		- y
SHI CONTINUES		this is a review of details that are	52	*****	

Item #

45

noted, only, and not a full review of the Project: # drawings

- 1. Pepper recommends all material changes (masonryprecast) have a backer rod and
- 2. Pepper recommends that flashing be installed above the grade and fill solid below grade. This will prevent and clogging of the weeps below grade over time as sediment. settles in the gravel drainage bed.
- 3. The flashing chosen at the base is a roofing flashing and is unclear about the installation procedures and who will be installing the material confidently.
- 4. The AVB should run down to the waterproofing and the masonry flashing should be secondary an on top of the AVB. (compatibility must be reviewed.



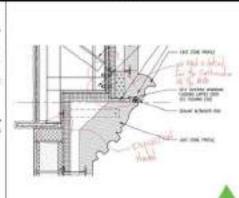
04/44.51

- The shalf angle chould be reviewed for AVB certificity and thermal break concern.
- Please provide a stellad on the AVE continuity at this lecation and others ninder.
- There appears to be a thermal brook at the roof edge connection...please Holes.



Description 01/A5:11

- 5. I believe that a diffestion Joint is resided at the bottom of the beam for the CMV, visualiting, and
- I. The shelf angle should be received for AVE continuity and thermal break concerns.
- 1. Pinese provide a desail or Fire AVIII continuity at this location and others sinker.

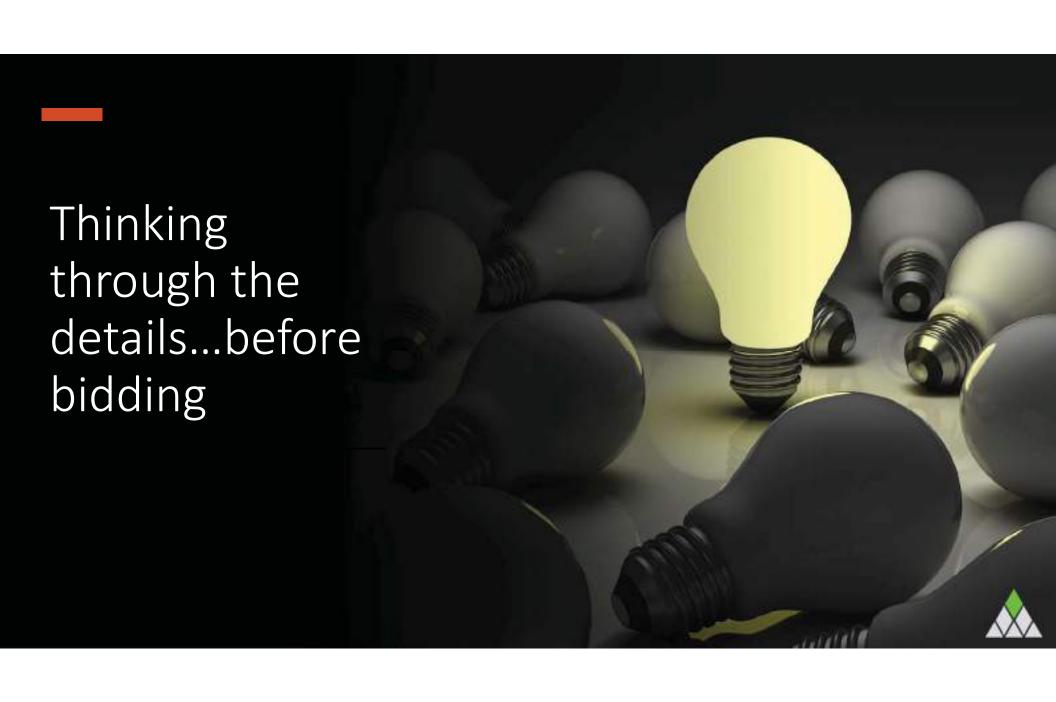


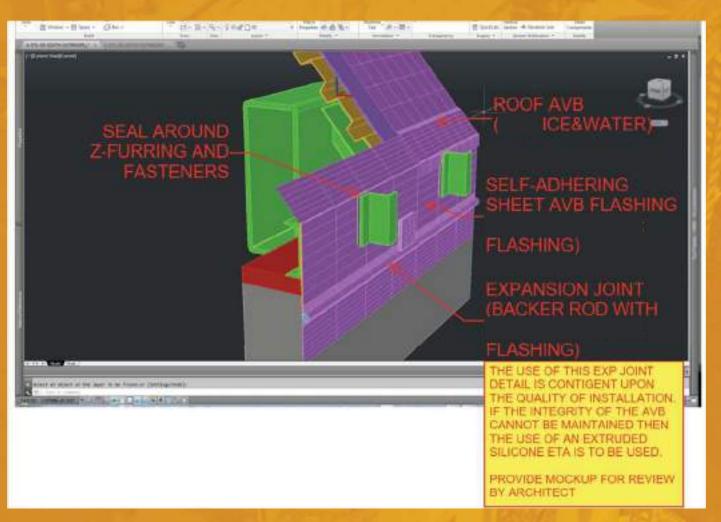
Lessons Learned

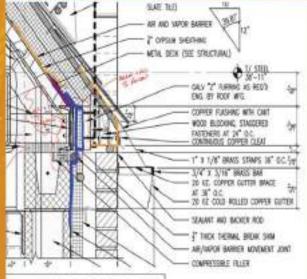
Confirm initial DD concerns:

- DD drawing comments resolved
- Confirm list of JSQP assumptions and follow-up
- Confirmation of Air, Water, Vapor, and insulation lines
- Set up early RFI list
- List of details that need further developement









r constructability & VB location and issue a revised sketch. We need to /B is not in between steel elements and still make a connection. eral wool will need to be installed prior to the SPF.

Detail 13/A5.51



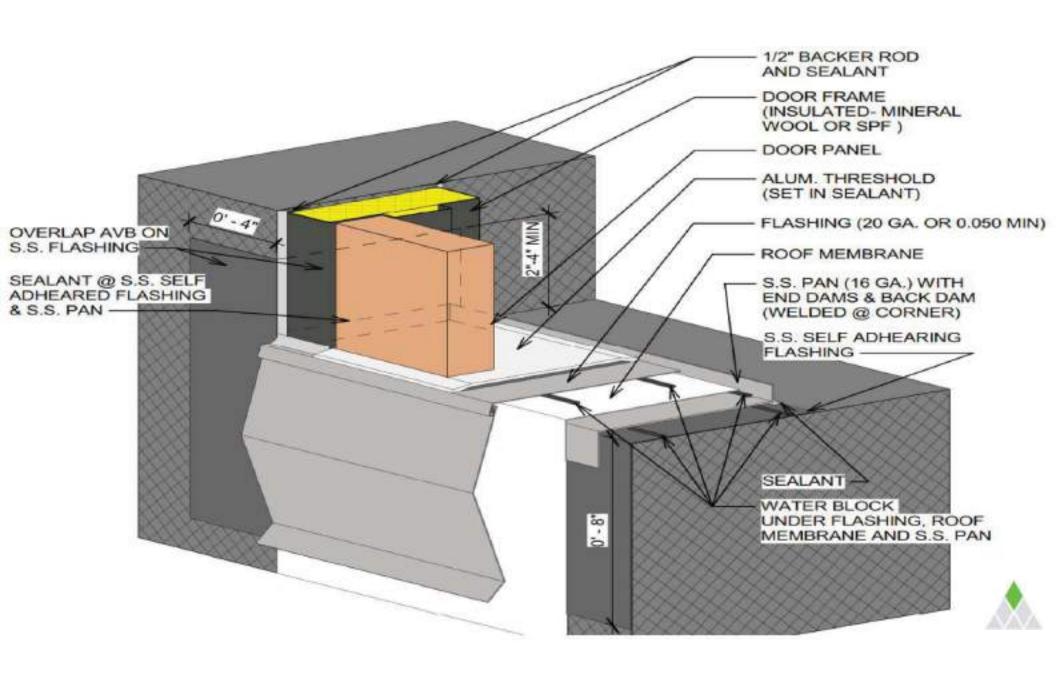




Installed detail as designed







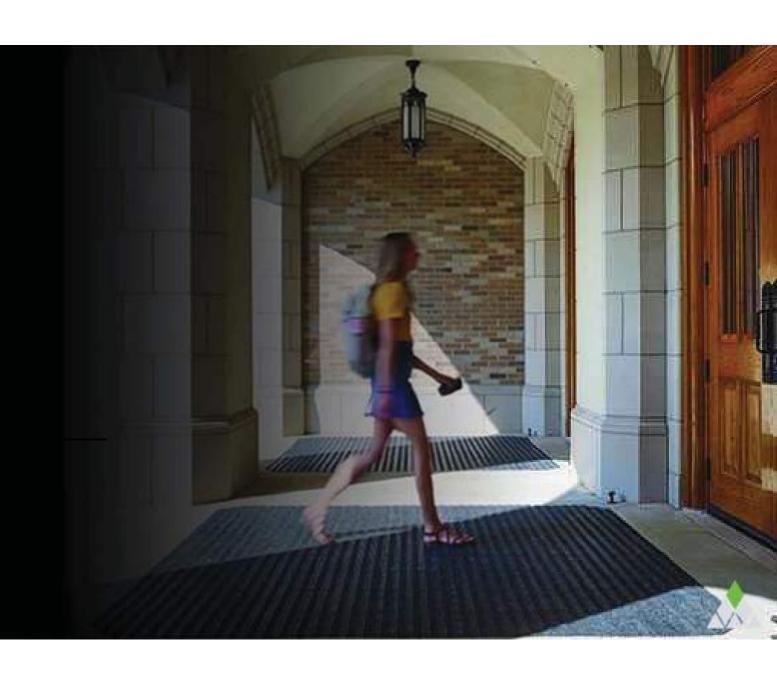


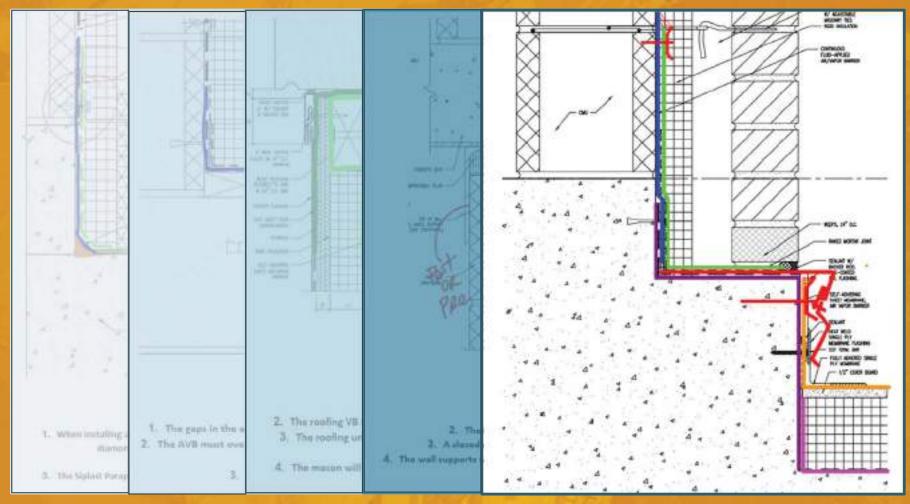
The roof deck flutes under the curb should be filled with SPF (closed cell) in order to prevent air from getting under the roofing system





BUILDING ENVELOPE (SKIN MEETING) REVIEW







Lessons Learned

Skin Meeting

- Confirm compatibility of actual materials being used
- Confirm detailing of actual systems being installed
- Confirm sequencing
- Confirm all components are assigned





VE attempt

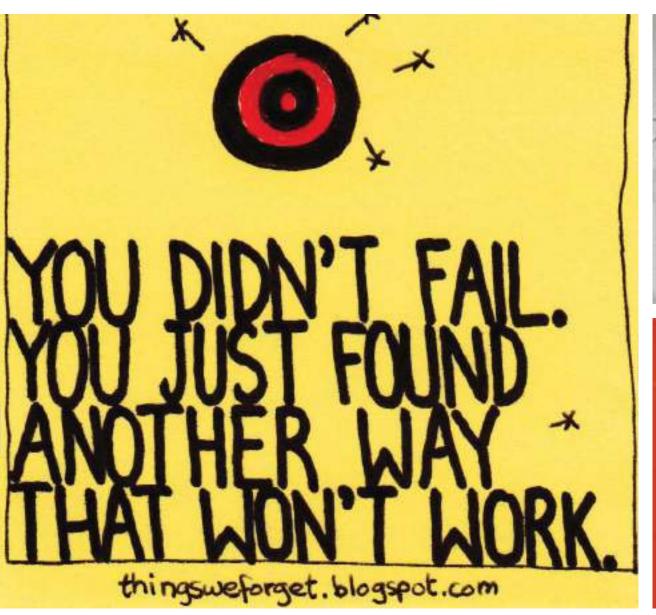
Exchange pre-cured silicone for peel and stick at the exterior horizontal CMU joints

The detail included horizontal and vertical movement components

We did a First Work in Place to determine if the proposed VE would be efficient...









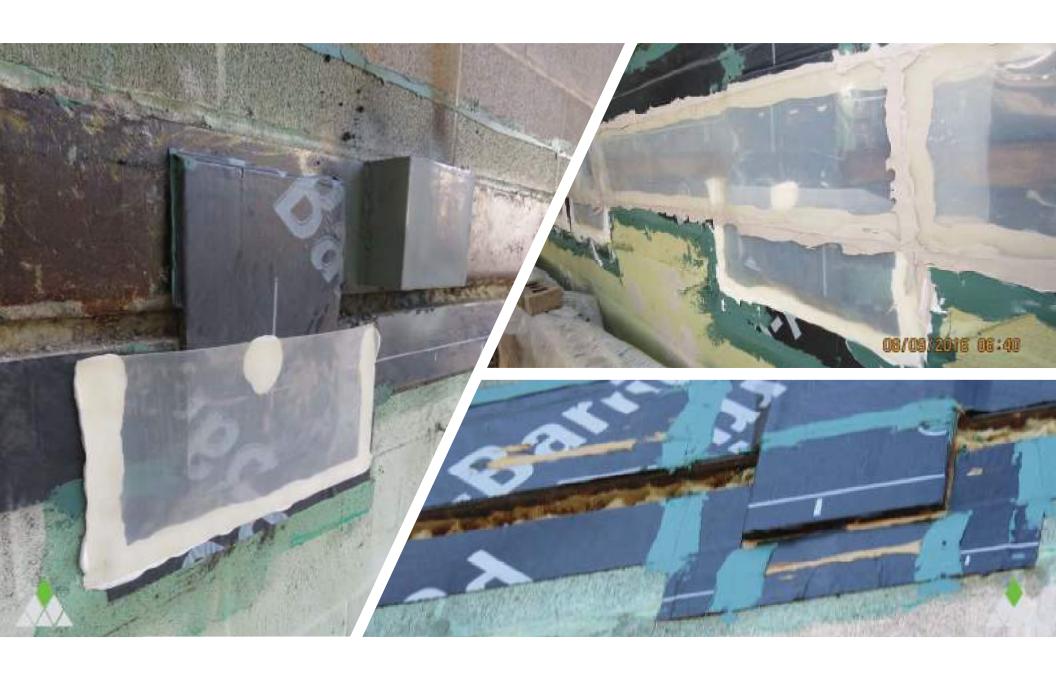
Understand the limitations of the materials:

Construction Tolerance

Installation Limitations

Movement





Is it worth it:

Perfom a proper Value
 Engineering evaluation, making sure that the product or system suggested works as intended and is fit for use





Submittals should be Job Specific!





The Importance of Updated Data Sheets

Limitations

- exp Sheathing is not a finished surface, nor is it a substrate for the direct application of joint compound, stucco, paint or textures in exterior wall applications. Placement of vapor retarders within the wall assembly is the responsibility of the design professional.
- Do not use EXP Sheathing as a nailing base. Mechanical fasturers should pass through the sheathing and engage the filaming member behind the panel.
- Install materials used in conjunction with GXP Sheathing per the respective manufacturer's recommendations.
- eXP Sheathing is resistant to weather, but it is not intended for immersion in water and should not be subjected to ponding or to cascading water conditions.
- Do not apply COP Sheathing below grade. Comply with building code grade dearance requirements.
- Do not laminate EXP Sheathing directly to masonry surfaces: fasten panels to furring strips or framing.
- EXP Sheathing is not intended for tile applications. For tile applications, Gold Bond® sawo EXP® Tile Backer or Permalitase® sawo Cament Board is recommended.
- Gypsum sheathing is not a replacement for specific structurally engineered sheathing in shear wall designs.
- Adhesive-only application of EXP Sheathing to framing is not recommended.
- Framing supports must not exceed 24 in. (610 mm) a.c.
- Design details, including fasteners, sealants and control joints, must be properly installed per system specifications. Openings and penetrations must be properly flashed and sealed according to code, building design and weather-resistive barrier manufacturer's instructions. Failure to do so will void the warranty; refer to EXP Sheething warranty for terms, conditions and limitations.
- Avoid conditions that will create moisture in the air and condensation on eXP Sheathing. The use of unvertised or improperly vented forced air heaters in the building creates water vapor volumes which can condense on the exterior sheathing. The use of these heaters and any resulting damage is not the responsibility of National Gypsum. Please consult heater manufacturer for proper use and ventilation.

111046 Rev. 3/19

So, can you spot the difference?

We have an extra paragraph under limitations. This is extremely important for the entire team to understand...including the subcontractor!

The Manufacturer determined an issue and placed that issue under the limitations section, telling us that there might be a new problem that we need to understand.

Limitations

- CXP Sheathing is not a finished surface, nor is it a substrate for the direct application of joint compound, stucco, paint or textures in exterior wall applications. Placement of vapor retarders within the wall assembly is the responsibility of the design professional.
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111046 Rev. 6/17



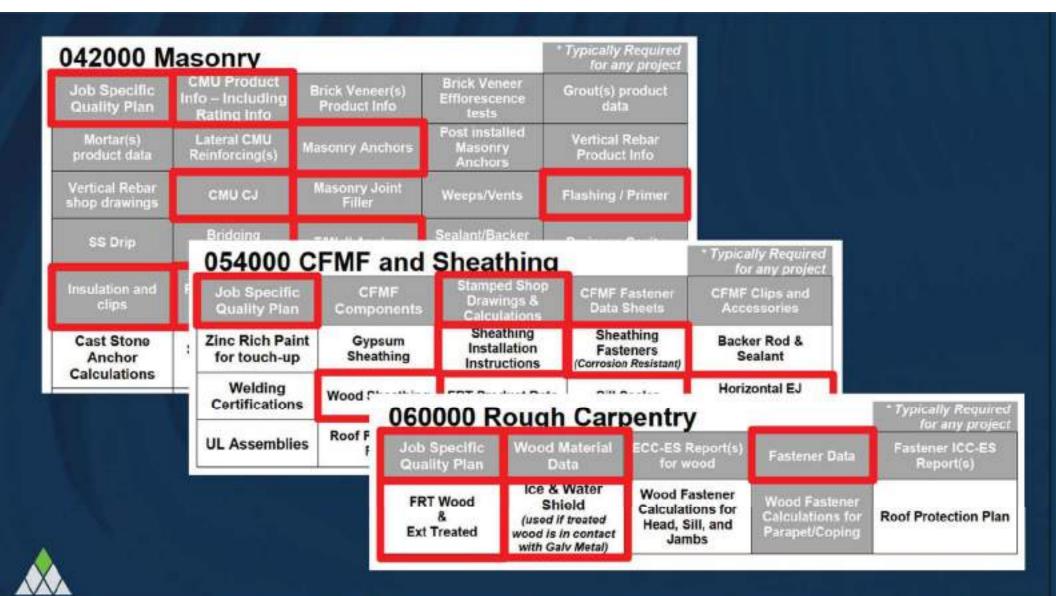
030000 C	* Typically Required for any projec				
Job Specific Quality Plan	Roof Protection Plan	Existing Flooring Protection Plan	Depressed Slab Procedure Plan	Architecturally Exposed Concrete Procedures	
Formwork Shop Drawings and Calculations	Shoring and Calculations	Hot Weather Plan	Cold Weather Plan	Mass Concrete Procedure Plan	
Flatwork Description Procedure	Slab Opening Coordination	Stab Edge Coordination	High FF (+50) Procedure	Pre/Post Tensionin Procedures	
Miz Designs with identification	E Designs with Addition Metalial		Color Pigments	Floor Treatments	
Fiber Reinforcement	Floor slab Treatments	Bonding Agents		Concrete Folerance Acceptance	
Rebar Shop Drawings	Retion (and epoxy) Product Data	WWF Product Data	Epoxy Coated Rebar paint	Rebar Couplers	
Diamond Downle or Similar	Rebor Chairs	Dovetail Anchors	Embed Items		
Form Material(n) and locations	Form referent (Will area to Waterproving and AVIII Contractors)	Form Liner(s)	Form Rustication Strips	Special Forms	
Chamfer & Reveal Strips	Insulation	Curing Material			
Construction Joint Layout - Hesizontal	Construction Joint Layout - Vertical	Control Joint Layout - Horizontal	Centrol Joint Layout - Vertical	Joint Filler	
Hastzental Vapor Retarders & Accessories and Installation Instructions	Waterstop and Installation Instructions	Epoky and histalistics instructions	Groot and Installation Instructions	Sealant for joints	
Vapor Barrier	Vapor Barrier Mastic	Vapor Barrier Tape	Vapor Barrier Concrete Tape	Vapor Barrier Installation Instructions	

The following is a list of typical submittals that we should be requesting for each project regarding the specific trades.

Make sure that the specifications regarding what to submit are followed. Some of these submittals are above what is required; however, it is what's needed for our proper review and Checklist records.

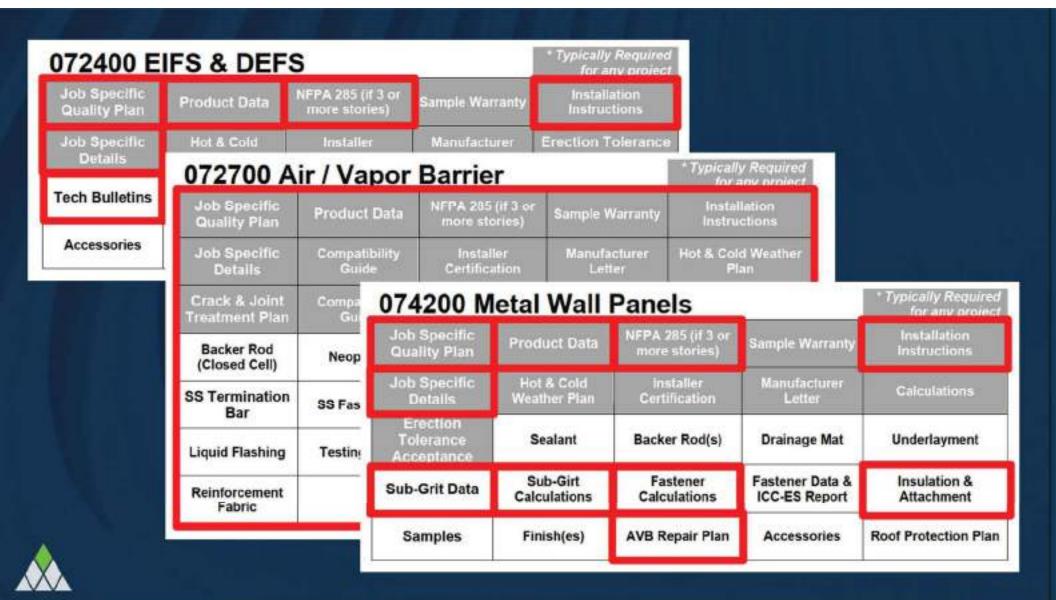
Discuss with the Architect if they want to receive the extra submittals.

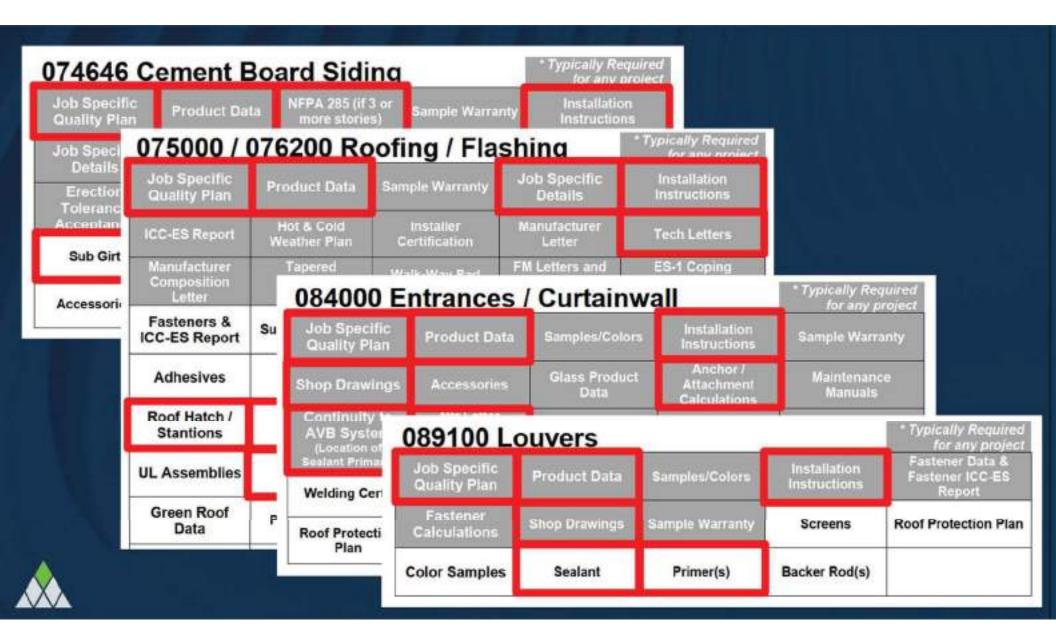
The list is not a complete listing of submittals for your project, and not all listed submittals may pertain to your project.



071000 W	/aterproof	ing				* Typically F for any	lequired project			
Job Specific Quality Plan	Job Specific Details	Waterproof Installatio Instruction	n	Installer Certification		Manufacture	1000	П		
Product Data	ICC-ES Report(s)	Hot & Col- Weather Pl		Sample Warranty		Repair F	lan	١,		
Crack & Joint Treatment Plan	Compatibility Guide	Mfr Tech Bull	etins	Protection B	oard	Drainage F	Panels	h.		
Sealant (under and or over)	Neoprene	Mastic		Aggerate / Sa		Reinforcement Fabric				
SS Termination Bar	SS Fasteners	Backer R (Closed C							* Typically Required for any project	
Root Barrier	Water Stopping and sealant or primer	Transitio Membra		b Specific sality Plan	Jo	b Specific Details		Coating lation ctions	Installer Certification	Manufacturer Letter
EFMD (Testing)	Testing Plan	Tie-Back Co Etc.	Pro	Product Data ICC-		ES Report(s)	Hot Weat	ther Plan	Cold Weather Plan	Repair Plan
Samples	Liquid Flashing	Roof Prote	Samp	Sealant (under and or over) Con Mat in		aintenance Manuals	rete Patch rial(s) and tallation		Compatibility Guide	Mfr Tech Bulletins
		Plan				ncrete Patch terial(s) and nstallation estructions			Aggerate / Sand	Neoprene Sheet
			2000000	inforcing Fabric	Fla	shing Tape	Liquid F	flashing	Roof Protection Plan	Primer





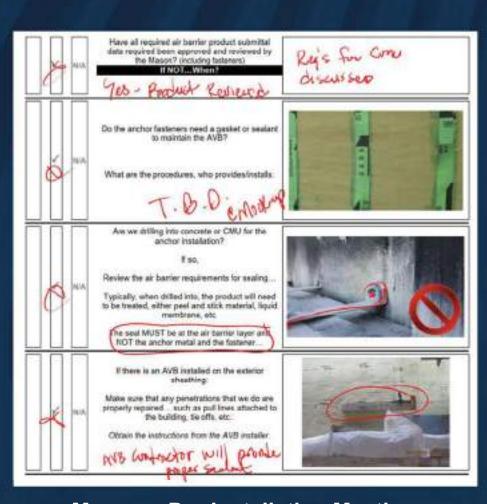


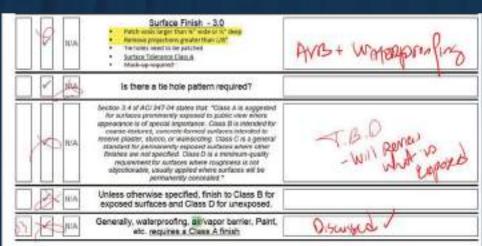
What is important to who

- In general, the team needs more submittals to review and confirm, at least the Contractor needs more
- Early identification of the required submittals are key to keep things on track



AIR / VAPOR BARRIER + ADJACENT TRADE SUBMITTALS





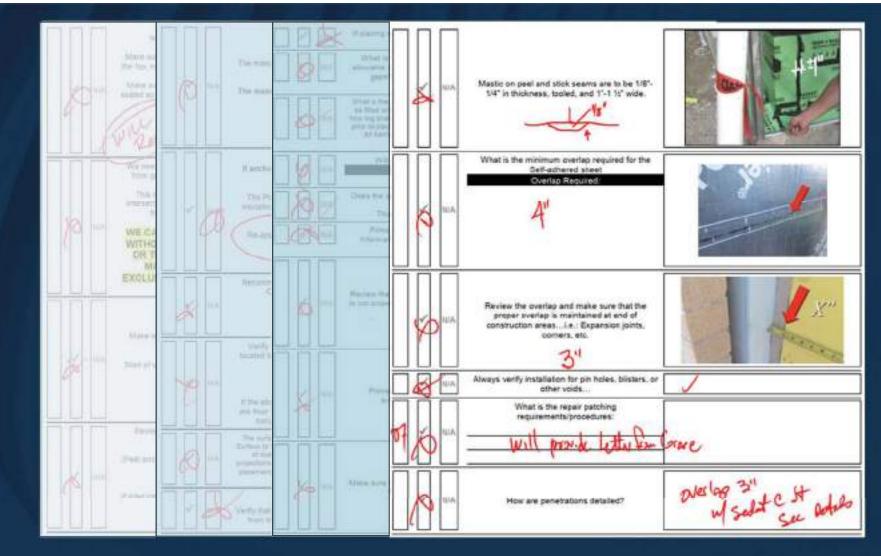
Concrete Pre-Installation Meeting



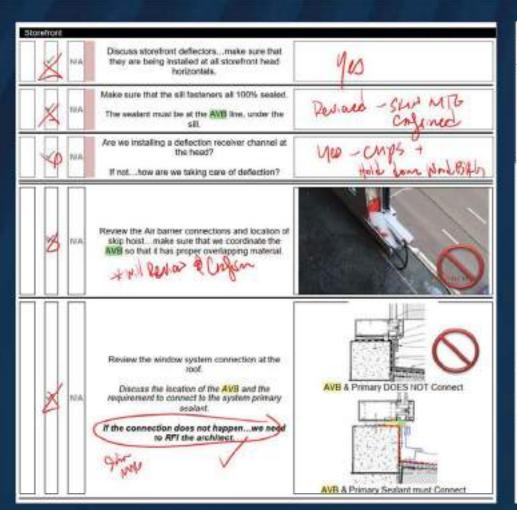
Masonry Pre-Installation Meeting

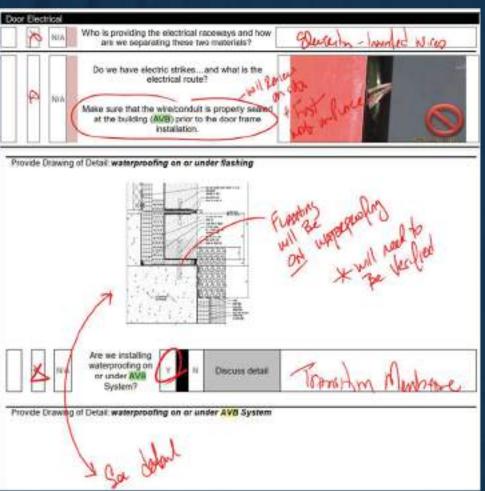
Typical for all Pre-Installation Meetings







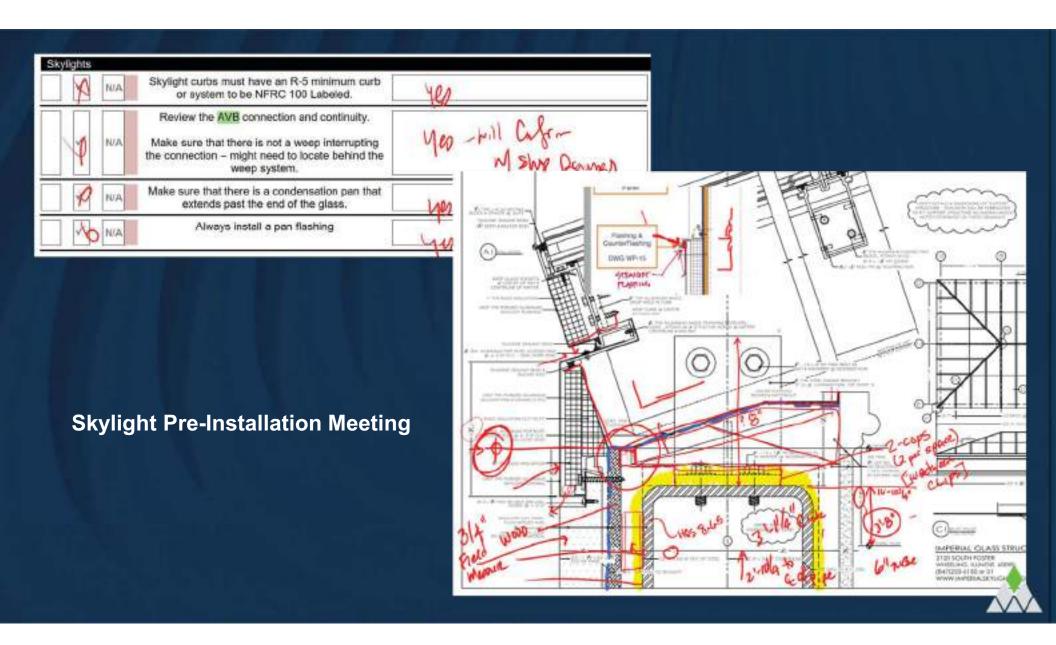


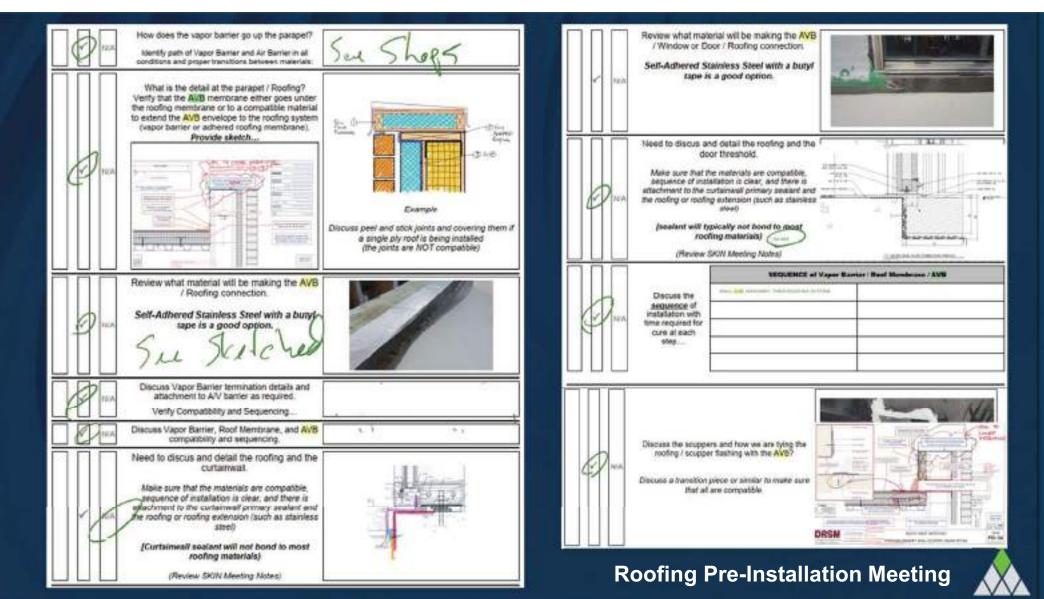


Window Pre-Installation Meeting

Waterproofing Pre-Installation Meeting





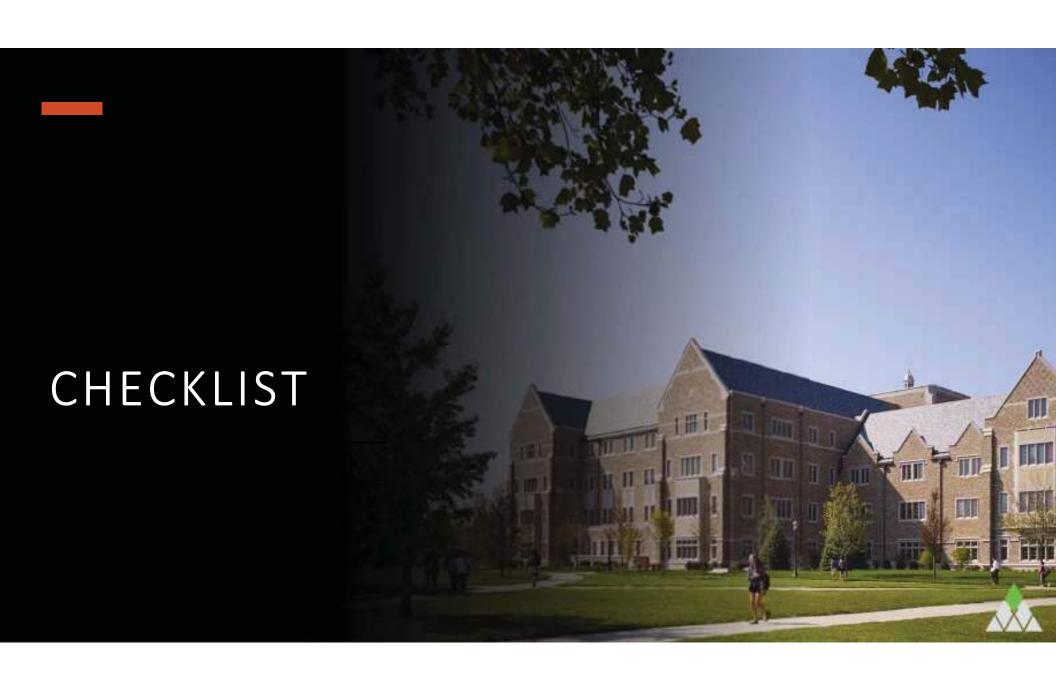


Lessons

Can we do better next time?

- Evaluate current preinstall meetings for completeness and usefulness – constantly improve
- Update as new materials or new procedures are discovered





Fluid/Sheet Applied A/V Barrier Construction Checklist

	of Initia	4				Location of Work Performed:	Day	mitial	Weather	Beg Temp End Temp		
	game.	48					Monday					
					-0		Tuesday			-		
							Wednesday					
-							Thursday		15 3			
Proje	ect		g.	and hardest	_	China Dallas in the start of contract	Friday	dia minara widih				
	_	Ama	ya rene	m emm		ditions PRIOR to the start of work E	ACH DAY and	racina wim.				
N/A	tion.	10.0	ille.	Day	-	1			Commen	5		
NIA	~	~	4	~		Varify the temperature will be above application and <u>during</u> cure.	Varify the temperature will be above 40°F at time of application and during cure.					
MA	4	4	4	+	4	Air barrier is backed with somet DO NOT ALLOW THE AIR BARR MATERIALS UNSUR	ER		*			
NVA	~	~	4	4	8	Make sure ALL material is lifted off! properly covered to protect from war	F					
N/A	\square	7	7	7	4	CMU shall have struck flush or made						
ATA.	V	\checkmark	~	7	7	CHU stall have mortar assumulation ren	don.					
NEA	7	V	~	7	7	Sheathing and wood blocking is con	tinuous and comp	lete.				
N/A	\checkmark	1	X	1	Ψ.	Cemeritious surfaces must be clear	n and smooth.					
NIA	1	4	ď	1	X	Tape of area above the waterproofing at to installing membrane to avoid overspray	the base of the wall onto the waterproo	prior Ing.				
MIA	~	~	4	1	4	Voide in CMU greater than 16" shall LM, S100, or a fast setting concrete						
N/A	Y	4	4	1	4	Gaps greater than 14" should be pre- allowed to skin great	files with a \$100	and				
NEA	1	7	8	4	~	install priner IVE or all surfaces. Allows impaliation of detail membrane (eq. ex. e.)						
N/A	Ø	7	V	7		Detail mentione should be installed over	skirned over \$100	only.				
NIA	7	2			7	5:00 at sheathing joints & detail membra	ne z cones :	risks)				
NIA	7	7	~	1	1	Install "footsall" mentione at the in- window openings.	side corner of the					
N/A	7	V	~	1	7	Verify that the membrane is installed with	stingle style lapping	- 1		- 3		
NIA	7	V	7	1	[7]	Detail membrane to detail membrane sho	uld overlap a move	ez l				

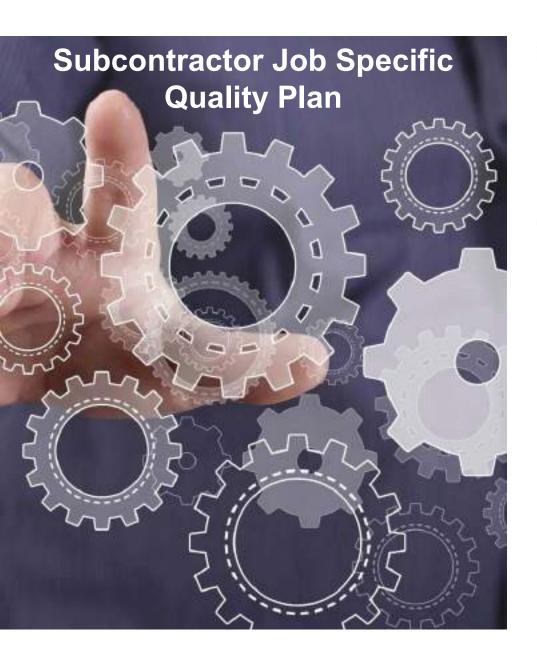


Section to the Section Section			AIR BARRI	ER PROJECT	Ř		
Type of Air Barrier System:		☐ Fluid-Appl	ied Membrane	☐ Solf-Adherer	d Mombrane	□ Spray-Foam	
Manufacturer.	D Carliste	□Henry	() Prosoco	☐ Polyguard	□ W.R. Grace	Meadows	□ Other
Substrate: Gypsum		□ CMU	☐ Concrete	Substrate Temp: (*F)		Ambient Temp	: (*F)
Installation Area:		Elevation:	□ North	□ South	□ East	□West	(i Other
From Level:		To Lovet		Between CL:		To CL:	

- ☐ Verify both ambient and substrate temperatures are within the limitations for material installation.
- ☐ Rinview adjacent materials (windows, doors, ducts, penetrations) for conformance to details and instructions.
- Verify that all penetrations are securely installed.
- ☐ Verify that a continuous air barrier system is capable of being achieved before beginning installation.
- Verify that substrate(s) are installed per manufacturer's instructions and are flat, free of fins and inequiarities.
- ☐ Verify that substrate is properly cured, dry, clean, sound, and free of dust, dirt, residue, and all other contaminants.
- ☐ Verify that all gaps exceeding %-inch are treated with approved scalant.
- ☐ Wrifly that any surrounding areas and surfaces are protected from damage and staining during application of air benier.
- Verify spray equipment, hoses, and spray tips are clean and in proper working condition.
- Verify that proper wet mill thickness is achieved during spray and/or roller application.
- Verify that application is free of voids and pinholes.
- □ Verify that dotails have been installed correctly according to details and instructions.
- Protect finished work at the end of each day as necessary.
- ☐ Note any physical damage to completed areas that may have occurred during construction and repair as needed.
- ☐ Clean equipment and material areas per instructions and as required.
- ☐ Verify proper removal of construction materials, equipment, and waste materials.







d. Review of Architectural and Manufacturer's Details

- During Daily Tool Box Talks, the Quality Champion is to review the most current approved details and installation instructions for the upcoming installation.
- Weather concerns must be addressed as needed prior to beginning work for the day.

e. Installer Quality Assurance - Self-Adhering Sheet Air & Vapor Barrier

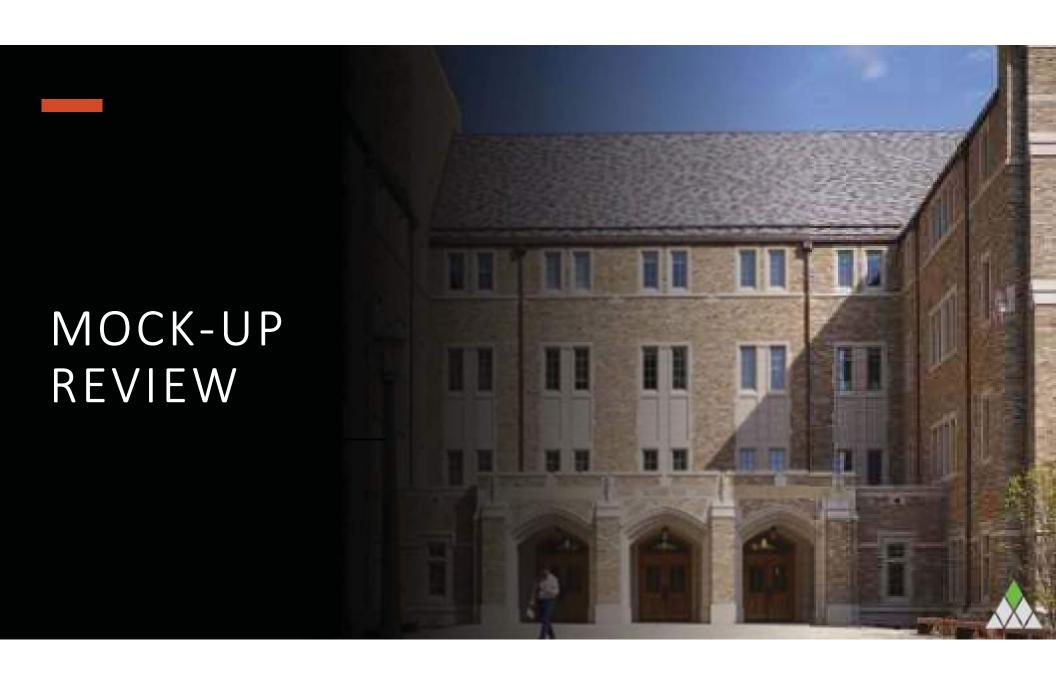
- Quality Champion will review the product application daily with the installation team to verify the field membrane is properly installed.
 - All substrates should be smooth, sound, dry, and free of contaminants.
 - Fluid-applied products should be applied in a continuous film free of pinholes, filling all cracks, voids, reveals, crevices, etc. with a total wet mil thickness meeting the manufacturer's guidelines. Mil thickness is to be verified using a wet mil gauge at regular intervals.
 - When using rollers to install the product, crew members may need to apply the membrane in two coats allowing the first coat to reach initial set prior to application of second coat in order to avoid slumping.
 - Self-adhering stainless steel detail transition strips should be placed in position and applied using positive pressure using a hand roller. Product should be wrinkle free and yold of fishmouths.



Why require?

- Proves a clear line of responsibility for installation and quality
- It's about procedure and quality of content
- Produces ownership of the work









Each roof condition was reviewed for sequence, material compatibility, AVB continuity







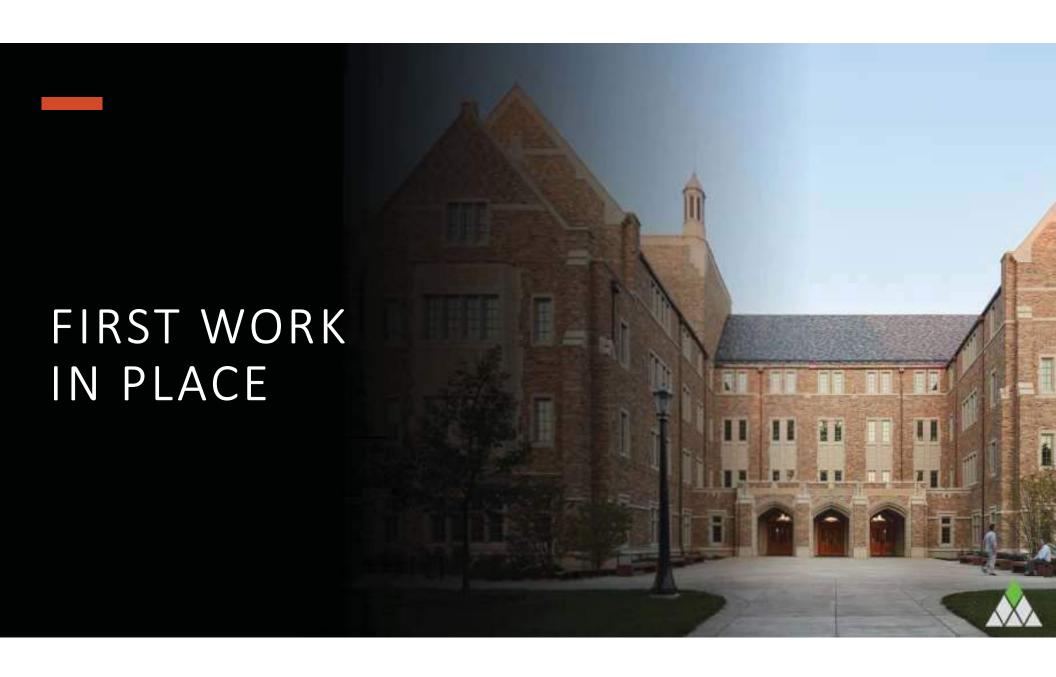
Each Detail needs to be reviewed, with specific comments

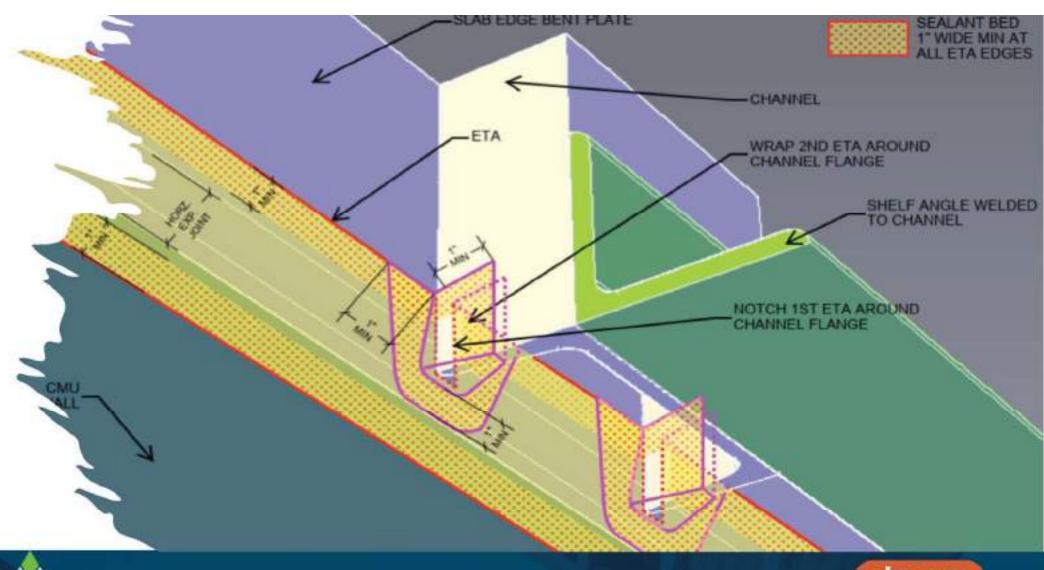


















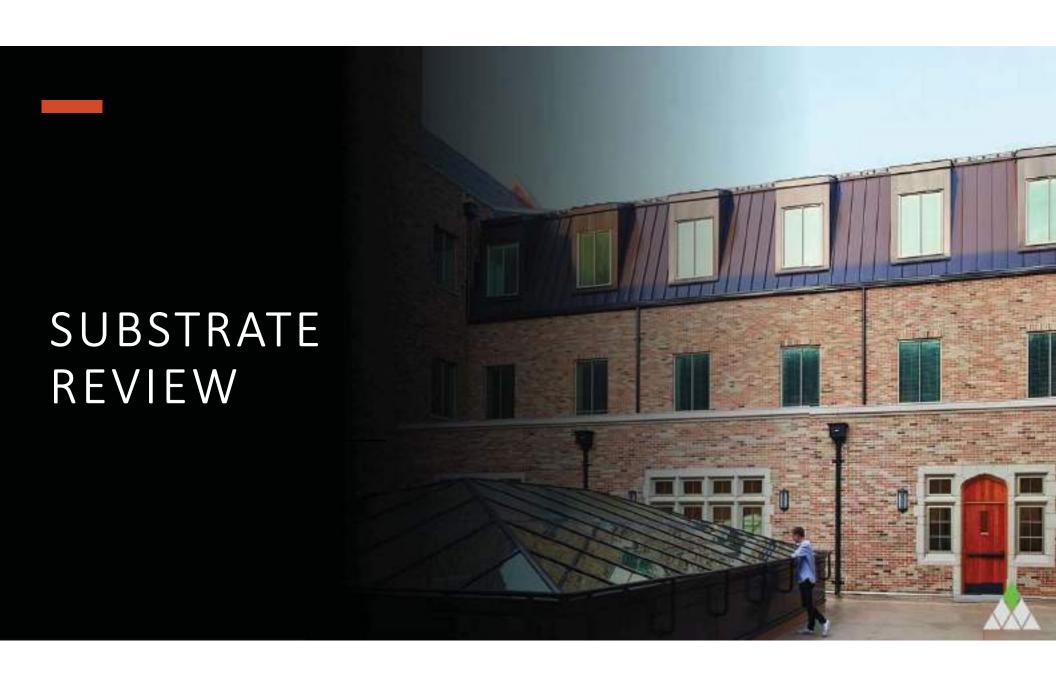




What was learned and changed:

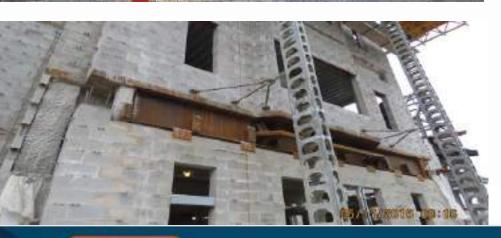
- Sequence was modified
- Material choices were changed
- Confirmed product selection and assumptions
- Understanding of products and installation
- Modifications to the preinstallation meeting and checklists

































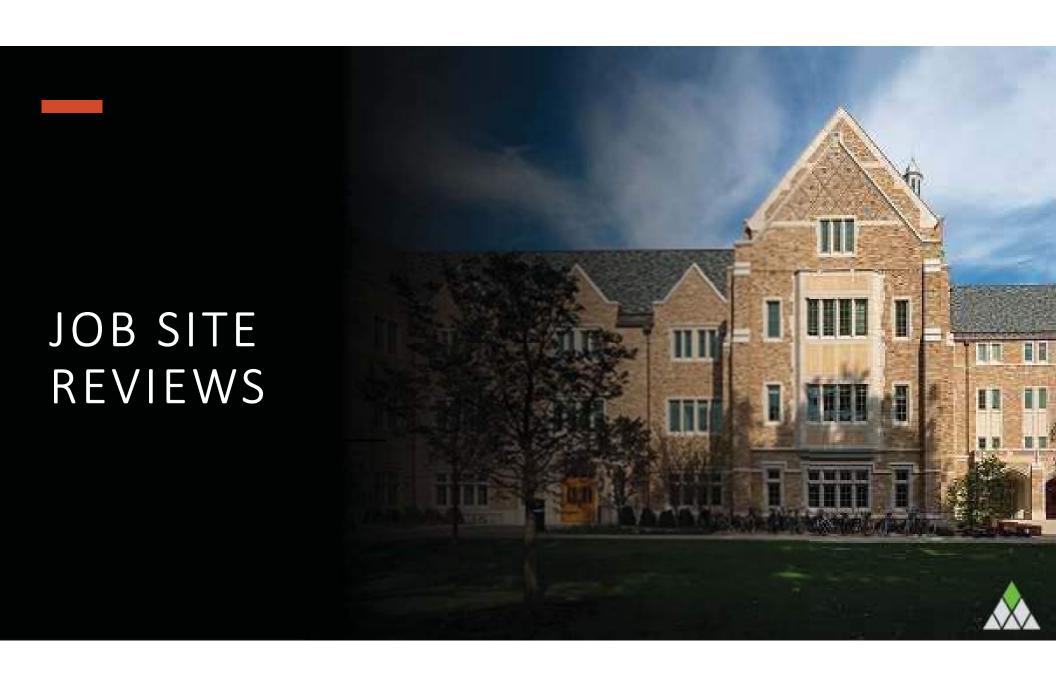


Lessons Learned

What was changed:

- How we approached substrate review before AVB installation – protection and verification / testing
- Manufacturer reviews

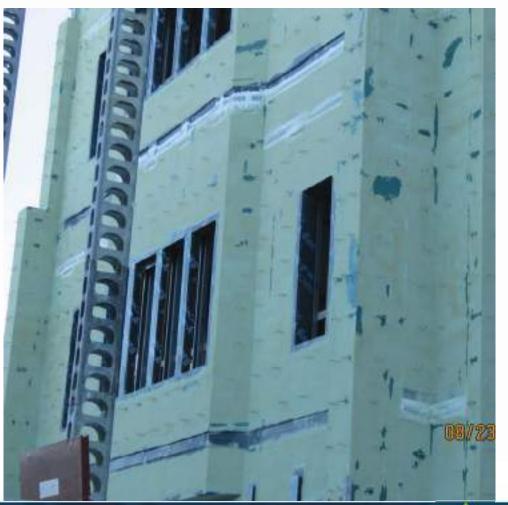










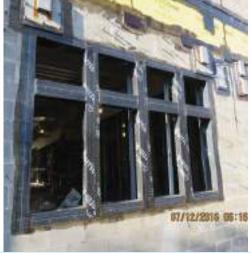










































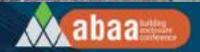










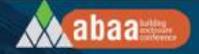




























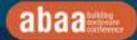
























Lessons Learned

Create a building profile reviewing:

- Modifications to the preinstallation meeting and checklists
- The need to re-review the preinstallation meeting on long projects that span multiple seasons
- Periodic group re-education



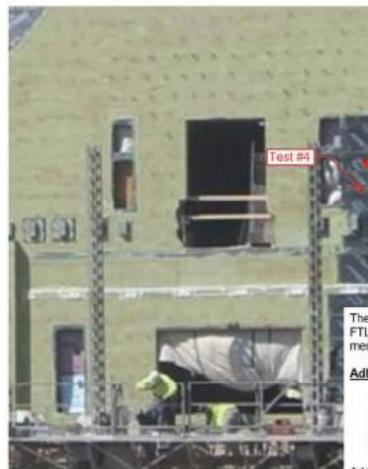
















View of test location #1

View of test location #2

Photo/Report: Flood Labs - Chicago

The adhesion test minimum force to pass was indicated to be 16 lbs. In order to convert the results to psi, FTL calculated the force established at each location by the area of the steel discs adhered to the membrane. 2.0° diameter steel discs were used at each location.

Adhesion Pull Test Results

- Location #1: 10 lbs. (3.18 psi) CMU substrate
- Location #2: 16.4 lbs. (5.22 psi) CMU substrate
- Location #3: 25.1 lbs. (8.00 psi) Gypsum Board substrate
- Location #4: 17 lbs. (5.41 psi) CMU substrate

Additional observations noted while on site were that the membrane did not appear to have been properly rolled in at the time of application. Several areas appeared loose and/or not adhered. The substrate beneath the membrane appeared to have been primed but it is not known if the primer was properly applied or what conditions were present at the time of application. At the time of testing, the membrane had been exposed to the sun for some time and was warm. This may have had an effect on the adhesion of the membrane when the tests were performed. Test locations and photos are attached on the following pages. Please do not hesitate to contact me with any questions or concerns.





GENERAL LESSONS LEARNED 111111 IIII IIII

Lessons learned



- □ Transition Membrane capabilities & limitations
- □ Sloped roof
- materials & coordination
- Deflection Joints
- Locations, materials and detailing
- □ Preinstallation Mtgs
 having several meetings that
 include all installers for large
 projects





Communication

- Are we properly expressing what we expect?
- Are we talking to each other?
- Are we purposely leaving something out of the conversation?
- Are we getting the right players at the meetings?
- Are we talking enough?
- Are we sending the correct information over?
- Do we have the same agenda?







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Director of Quality Management – Illinois & Wisconsin

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